# In-situ Photometric Stereo-based 3D Reconstruction and Process Control of Incremental Sheet Forming

Graduate Student Fellows: **RU YANG** SHUHENG LIAO

Faculty Advisors: **PING GUO JIAN CAO** 

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## **RESEARCH OBJECTIVE**

Incremental sheet forming (ISF) is a flexible metal forming process that allows users to form sheet metal parts with various geometries without using any geometric-specific tools. One critical consideration in ISF is to compensate for the springback error. This project focusing on using the photometric stereobased 3D reconstruction of the geometry being formed to guide the real-time springback compensation.



## Data-driven Reflectance Model of Aluminum





 $\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{f}(\theta_0, \theta_i, |\phi_0 - \phi_i|)$ A neural network trained with 18,632,095 experimental data

 $\alpha = 0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6$ 

#### Synthetic Image Rendering

**Roughness model** Assumption:

 $I = (1 - \alpha) * f(\theta_0, \theta_i, |\phi_0 - \phi_i|)$  $+\alpha * K * L * N$ 



Input: 128\*128\*n (no. of images), output: 128\*128\*3 Light

## Validation Result

Actual normal maps VS predicted normal maps by DNN

Actual Normal map

96 collimated lights 96 point lights













1.462°





Average error:

1.890°

### •Future Work

- Reflectance model from experiment considering roughness 1.
- Implementation on ISF machine and forming experiment 2.

